

Overview and Summary – Updates from 27 September 2021 to 28th February 2022 V1 – V5

This guidance explains the actions school leaders should take to reduce the risk of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19) in their school. This includes public health advice, endorsed by the United Kingdom Health Security Agency (UKHSA). Changes to the previous version

Education settings must be able to achieve the following controls as defined by the Department of Education. The Risk Assessment must be reviewed by Head Teachers point by point and where actions are implemented, they must be reworded if necessary, to show how the controls have been applied, add/amend for your school environment. The risk assessment should be reviewed at SLT and with the Governing Body and shared with all staff. The risk rating for each identified hazard and overall risk assessment must be considered and decided/changed to Low, Medium, or High by the school on how the school proceeds with the control measures and the wider opening of the school. The current Government guidance for detailed review to assist in your risk assessment links: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/schools-coronavirus-covid-19-operational-guidance Separate guidance is available for:

• <u>Covid-19-early-years-and-childcare-closures</u> <u>special-schools-and-other-specialist-settings</u> • <u>Covid-19-maintaining-further-education-provision</u>

Description of Activity	COVID 19 Secure School Risk Assessment Version 8	Review Dates	
Location	Mulberry Stepney Green Maths Science and Computing School	1 st Dec 2021	
Completed by	FIM	14 th Dec 2021	Edits in red
Date of Assessment	27 September 2021 V2 1 st Dec V3 4 th January 2022 V4 17 th January 2022 V5 28 th February 2022 V6 28 th March 2022	4 th January 2022 17 th January 2022 28 th February 2022 28 th March	Edits highlighted Edits highlighted edits in purple edits in blue





What are the hazards?	Who & how might someone be harmed?	What are you currently doing to control risks?	Risk Rating L / M / H	What else do you need to do (if applicable)?	Action by who / when?	Date Completed
1. Poor hand and respiratory hygiene	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor hand and respiratory hygiene causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	 1. Hand and Respiratory Hygiene The school continues with the strict regime of regular thorough hand washing This is encouraged at the start of the day and at set times during the day, especially before and after breaks/lunch/play Raising the profile of the importance and how to wash hands thoroughly, for at least 20 seconds with running water and soap supported by alcohol hand sanitiser. Ensuring all parts of the hand are covered Promoting the importance of not only washing hands, but the need to thoroughly dry hands Toilets having sufficient supply of paper towels or hand dyers, and regular cleaning and emptying of waste Appropriate hand wash stations, alcohol hand sanitiser, managed and monitored to ensure adequate replenishment 	L	Revisit guidance on hand and respiratory hygiene To be delivered through PSHE Handwashing stations in place Students to be directed to wash or sanitise hands on entry to school site and prior to eating Ensure adequate supplies of sanitiser	SPL HOY Tutors Site manager Gate supervisors Lunch supervisors Bursar	December 2021
		 2. Respiratory hygiene We continue with the promotion of the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach We continue to use the e-bug resources to promote 	L	Poster campaign PSHE campaign	BAJ ANC SPL HOY	





and teach pupils appropriate for their age groups to				
raise the profile and importance of hygiene and				
infection control. Regular reminders and				
information sharing including displays installation in				
classrooms will continue. Link to e-bug				
We continue to only use the normal PPE already				
used for certain activities re: Most staff in schools				
will not require PPE beyond what they would				
normally need for their work. The guidance on the				
use of PPE in education, childcare and children's				
social care settings provides more information on				
the use of PPE for COVID-19. Link to PPE				
3. Face Coverings				
Face coverings help protect the wearer and others	М			
against the spread of infection because they cover		All students and staff to be		From Monday
the nose and mouth, which are the main confirmed		issued with face covering on		29 th November
sources of transmission of COVID-19.		Monday 29 th Nov. Tutors to monitor		2021 The wearing of
		Spare masks to be made		face masks
All students from Year 7 to 13 must wear face		available at gates	SLT	within school site to
coverings in classrooms, communal areas and in		Parents to be informed		continue until
the play grounds. At all times throughout the day.				further notice as from 28 th
It is intended this will be a temporary measure and				March 2022
has been put in place in response to the				
emergence of the OMICRON variant				
. This does not apply in situations where wearing a				
face covering would impact on the ability to take		Staff who are exempt are		
part in exercise or strenuous activity, for example in		not required to wear a face		
PE lessons		covering.		From January
		Students who are exempt		From January 4 th 2022
Schools, as employers, have a duty to comply with		are not required to wear a	SLT	
the Equality Act 2010 which includes making		face covering	HOY	I



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reasonable adjustments for disabled staff. They also have a duty to make reasonable adjustments for disabled pupils, to support them to access education successfully. No pupil should be denied education on the grounds that they are not wearing a face covering.			
Transparent face coverings Transparent face coverings can be worn to assist communication with someone who relies on: • • lip reading • • clear sound • • facial expression Transparent face coverings may be effective in reducing the spread of COVID-19. However, the	Heads of Year to revisit and ensure relevant students are making use of transparent face coverings.	SLT HOY Tutors	From Monday 29th November 2021
evidence to support this is currently very limited. The benefits of transparent face coverings should be considered alongside the comfort and breathability of a face covering that contains plastic, which may mean that the face covering is less breathable than layers of cloth.			
Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles.			



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A face visor or shield may be worn instead of face				
covering - risk assessment should be carried				
out – and visor must be cleaned regularly			ноч	
			Tutors	
Circumstances where people are not able to				
wear face coverings:				
There are some circumstances where people may				
not be able to wear a face covering. Please be	М	SIT and HOVE he are for	1107	Francis Name da
mindful and respectful of such circumstances.	•••	SLT and HOY to be aware of those students who are not	HOY Tutors	From Monday 29th
Some people are less able to wear face coverings,		able to wear face covering.		November
and the reasons for this may not be visible to		Make note in student planner to identify those		2021
others.		students who are exempt		
In relation to education settings, this includes (but				
is not limited to):				
• people who cannot put on, wear or remove a face				
covering because of a physical or mental illness or				
impairment, or disability				
 people for whom putting on, wearing or removing 				
a face covering will cause severe distress				
people speaking to or providing assistance to				
someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or				
facial expressions to communicate				
• to avoid the risk of harm or injury to yourself or				
others				
you are also permitted to remove a face covering				
in order to take medication				
Access to face coverings				
-				





Due to the use of face coverings in wider society, staff and pupils are already likely to have access to face coverings. You should have a small contingency supply available for people who: • are struggling to access a face covering • are unable to use their face covering as it has become damp, soiled or unsafe • have forgotten their face covering	L	Contingency supplies of face coverings to be available for students – to be held in Head of Year room and at other relevant locations. No student should be turned away from class for not having a face mask.	Bursar SLT HOY	From Monday 29th November 2021
Staff and pupils may consider bringing a spare face covering to wear if their face covering becomes damp during the day.				
Safe wearing and removal of face coverings Your contingency plans should already cover a process for when face coverings are worn within		Spare masks available for staff.	Bursar	
your school and how they should be removed. You should communicate this process clearly to pupils, staff and visitors and allow for adjustments to be made for pupils who may be distressed if required to remove a face covering against their wishes, particularly those with SEND.	L	Refresher guidance about safe removal and disposal of face coverings – to be delivered through PSHE	SPL HOY Tutors	December 2021
When wearing a face covering, staff, visitors and pupils should: • wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before putting a face covering on • avoid touching the part of the face covering in contact with the mouth and nose, as it could be				





contaminated with the virus	
change the face covering if it becomes damp or if	
they've touched the part of the face covering in	
contact with the mouth and nose	
avoid taking it off and putting it back on a lot in	
quick succession to minimise potential	
contamination	
When removing a face covering, staff, visitors and	
pupils should:	
wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water	
for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser before	
removing	
only handle the straps, ties or clips	
not give it to someone else to use	
• if single-use, dispose of it carefully in a household	
waste bin and do not recycle	
once removed, store reusable face coverings in a	
plastic bag until there is an opportunity to wash	
them.	
• if reusable, wash it in line with manufacturer's	
instructions at the highest temperature appropriate	
for the fabric	
wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water	
for 20 seconds or use hand sanitiser once removed	
Separate guidance is available on preventing and	
controlling infection, including the use of personal	
protective equipment (PPE), in education, childcare	
and children's social care settings.	





CV19 infection	Employees, agency,	1. Ma	intain appropriate cleaning regimes	L			September											
	Pupils, visitors		continue with a robust appropriate cleaning		Continue with best practice on a daily basis	Site Manager	2021											
O.D. and animus atomicants			ime that applies the key infection control		Oil a daily basis	ivialiagei												
2.Poor cleaning standards	Danadanian standarda	_	asures which involves;															
	Poor cleaning standards	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_		Cleaning – physical process of using				
	attributing to contact	,	detergent, this removes germs – bacteria and															
	transmission causing		viruses and lowers numbers of germs on a															
				severe						surface although not necessarily killing them								
	infection/disease,	b)	Disinfection – a process of killing germs on a															
	sickness, and death	,	surface they touch, this should be on a clean															
			surface unless a combined product. We															
			ensure that the contact time is followed. This															
			is the time it takes for disinfectant to be															
			effective.															
		c)	Sanitiser – Sanitisers have a combined															
		·	cleaning and disinfecting properties, they need															
			to be used twice, firstly to clean and then to															
			disinfect															
		d)	Deep clean – A more thorough cleaning and															
			disinfection regime. The school are prepared															
			to complete these following outbreaks or		In the case of an outbreak – timely disinfection of	Site Manager	Ongoing											
			particular area concern to help break the cycle		relevant area	G4S												
			of infection															
		2. Est	ablished cleaning schedule															
		• We	continue with our infection control cleaning															
		reg	ime to include at least twice daily cleaning that															
		is d	letailed within a cleaning schedule that covers;															
		a)	Enhanced touch point cleaning and															
			disinfection, this includes all touch points that		Schedule for touch point	Site	Ongoing											
			are fixed to the premises inside and out.		cleaning to be acted upon	manager												
						G4S												



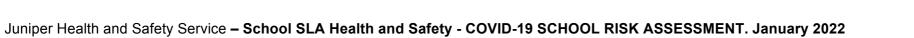


CV19 infection	Employees, agency,	1.	Ke	ep occupied spaces well ventilated	L			
			de	contamination-in-non-healthcare-settings		Inspections to be included in routines. G4S	Site manager G4S	Ongoing
				bboards are completed. Link to covid-19-				
		•		use-keeping inspections of cleaning stations,				
				uired				
				e and frequency of product and application				
			wit	h our competent health and safety advisor the		maintained		
			to t	the normal cleaning regime, and we would check		Stocks of products to be		
		•	Fo	gging/spraying is only considered as an addition		maintain cleanliness of surfaces in their own room.		
				pime to ensure it is being completed		classroom. Teachers	manager	
		•		continue to monitor and manage our cleaning		Cleaning products to be provided for each	Bursar Site	Ongoing
		3.	Mc	pritoring cleaning				
			C)	products, cleaning wipes				
			e)	regime Teaching staff are provided with cleaning				
				as toilet areas are included in our cleaning				
				we cannot supervise personal hygiene, such		and lesson	G45	
				difficult to maintain personal hygiene or where		cleaned after each break	Manager G4S	
			d)	Higher risk areas/pupils, who may find it		Toilets to be monitored /	Site	Ongoing
				lunch areas, changing rooms				
				such as kettles, microwaves, work stations,				
				this includes play equipment, staff equipment		appropriate	G4S	
				based on use and risk/high use areas/items,		daily or more frequently – as	Manager	Ongoing
			c)	Equipment and resources are disinfected		Disinfection of key areas –	Site	Ongoing
				own areas			0.10	
				cleaning, and local area cleaning by staff of		evening	Manager G4S	
			,	Cleaning frequency is at least twice a day, supported by frequent hand touch area		Cleaning morning and	Site	Ongoing





•	•	-	•									
	Pupils, visitors	A ventilation assessment has been completed that										
3.Poor ventilation		includes all areas of the school with any identified	Ventilation assessment to be enacted	G4S	From Septembe							
	Poor ventilation		Windows to be opened at	Staff	2021							
	transmission causing	concern re rooms/areas lacking in ventilation	breaks and lunchtimes.	c:.								
	severe				· ·		· ·	3	We open windows and/or increase/operate air flow	Air conditioning turned off.	Site manager	
			building management systems when the school		G4S							
	·	buildings are first opened										
	sickness, and death	CO2 monitors are being used in our ventilation										
		review to assist in our risk control measures										
		We have completed assessments with our										
			Assessment to be enacted	G4S								
		systems to ensure that only fresh outside air is										
		being circulated – and that only single rooms only										
		have recirculated air supported by outdoor air										
		supply										
		All ventilation systems have been serviced and maintained as par statuton/manufacturer.										
		maintained as per statutory/manufacturer		G4S								
		requirements										
		We open doors from outdoor to internal corridor										
		and room doors to create a good air flow, fire doors	Inform staff to ensure rooms									
			are well ventilated – doors									
			propped open to allow for air flow									
		event of fire (fire alarm)	an now									
		In winter months we continue to balance the need										
		for ventilation and temperature control following	Inform staff to follow	SLT								
		USE guidance, this includes enoning windows just 1	guidance re ventilation.	521								
		onough to provide constant basing carra ventuation	Most staff have own room									
		and then opened fully during breaks and when the	and are able to control ventilation									
		room is not being used to purge the air in the										
		space. Opening higher level windows in preference										





CV19 infection	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors	to lower level to reduce draughts We continue to avoid using air conditioning, turning off recirculated air and switching to fresh air supply When an individual develops COVID-19 symptoms or has a positive test	M	Air conditioning turned off	Site manager	
4.Poor management of cv19 confirmed cases	Poor management of CV19 symptoms, confirmed cases, attributing to transmission causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	Pupils, staff and other adults should follow public health advice on when-to-self-isolate-and-what-to-do . They should not come into school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine While you're no longer required by law to self-isolate if you have COVID-19, you should still stay at home and avoid contact with other people. This helps reduce the chance of passing COVID-19 on to others.		Reassert message about what to do if a staff member has symptoms or tests positive for COVID 19 Staff and students are not required to test for COVID. Those with symptoms of COVID should stay at home until fit and well enough to return to work	SLT	Ongoing
		If anyone in your school develops covid-19 symptoms, however mild, you should send them home and they should follow public health advice.		Student to be sent to reception. Staff to report to reception – inform Head's PA	Class teachers Head's PA	
		For everyone with symptoms, they should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be		Parents informed to collect child or arrange for family	Reception	



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collected by a member of their family or household.	member to do so.	
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible. Appropriate PPE should also be used if close contact is necessary. Further information on this can be found in the use of PPE in Education childcare and children's social care settings guidance. Any rooms they use should be cleaned after they have left.	Student placed at safe distance from others either in medical room or lobby.	First aid staff. Reception
The household (including any siblings) should follow the UKHSA covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection.	Communicate the message to staff and students as below If you have COVID-19 symptoms you are not required to take a test or to inform the school You are no longer required to isolate by law but guidance suggests you should If you do not have COVID-19 symptoms, but you have a positive PCR test result, you advised to stay at home and self-isolate for at least 5 days	SLT Jan 2022





Asymptomatic testing	As of 1 st April – tests are no longer available on NHS except to those over 75 or over 12 with weakened immune system		11 th January 2022
Other considerations You should ensure that key contractors are aware of the school's control measures and ways of working.	Publicise relevant guidance to staff and pupils – refresh information	SLT	13 th Dec 2021
Children and young people previously considered CEV should attend school and should follow the same covid-19 guidance as the rest of the population. However, if advised to isolate or reduce their social contact by their specialist, due to the nature of their medical condition or treatment,	Information shared with relevant key contractors SENDco to monitor students with high medical needs.	Bursar	13 th Dec
rather than because of the pandemic, they should continue to follow the advice of their specialist The government recommend all school staff and eligible pupils take up the offer of a vaccine.	HOY to be aware of relevant students and monitor accordingly.		13 th Dec
You can find out more about the in-school vaccination in <u>covid-19-vaccination-programme-for-children</u> guidance for schools.	Continue to promote the importance of vaccination to staff and families		4 th Jan 2022





CV19 infection 5.Poor management of cv19 close contacts including the	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor management of CV19 symptoms, close	 Tracing close contacts and isolation Close contacts in schools are now identified by NHS Test and Trace and education settings are not expected to undertake contact tracing. As with positive cases in any other setting, NHS 	M	To assist track and trace – seating plans must be in place for all lessons.	HOFs HOYs	From September





new variant Omicron	contacts including the	Test and Trace will work with the positive case			
	new variant Omicron.	and/or their parent to identify close contacts.			
	attributing to	Contacts from a school setting will only be traced			
	transmission causing	by NHS Test and Trace where the positive case			
	severe	and/or their parent specifically identifies the			
	infection/disease,	individual as being a close contact. This is likely to			
	sickness, and death	be a small number of individuals who would be			
		most at risk of contracting COVID-19 due to the			
		nature of the close contact. You may be contacted			
		in exceptional cases to help with identifying close			
		contacts, as currently happens in managing other			
		infectious diseases.			
		All individuals who have been identified as a close	Attendance officer to use	SLT	Ongoing
		contact of a suspected or confirmed case of	appropriate codes Staff to be monitored		
		COVID-19, irrespective of vaccination status and	through absence procedures		
		age, will be contacted directly and required to self-			
		isolate immediately and asked to book a PCR test.			
		They will be informed by the local health protection			
		team or NHS Test and Trace if they fall into this			
		category and provided details about self-isolation.			
		Further actions for educational settings may be		HT	
		advised by a local Incident Management Team			
		(IMT) investigating a suspected or confirmed case	School to be aware of the		
		of the Omicron variant of COVID-19. 7	importance of working in partnership with local		
			incident management team.	SLT	
		For everyone else, isolation rules are unchanged.			Ongoing
		Individuals are not required to self-isolate if they			
		live in the same household as someone with	Communicate message		
		COVID-19, or are a close contact of someone with	Via website / meetings		
		COVID-19 and any of the following apply:			
		they are fully vaccinated			





• they have taken part in or are currently part of an	
approved COVID-19 vaccine trial	
they are not able to get vaccinated for medical	
reasons	
Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test and	
Trace, informed they have been in close contact	
with a positive case and advised to take a PCR	
test. We would encourage all individuals to take a	
PCR test if advised to do so.	
Staff who do not need to isolate, and children and	
young people aged under 18 years 6 months who	
usually attend school, and have been identified as	
a close contact of someone with COVID-19 variant,	
should continue to attend school as normal.	
18-year-olds will be treated in the same way as	
children until 6 months after their 18th birthday, to	
allow them the opportunity to get fully vaccinated.	
At which point, they will be subject to the same	
rules as adults and so if they choose not to get	
vaccinated, they will need to self-isolate if identified	
as a close contact.	
Settings will continue to have a role in working with	
health protection teams in the case of a local	
outbreak. If there is a substantial increase in the	Ongoing
number of positive cases in a setting or if central	
government offers the area an enhanced response Head Teacher to be main point of contact	
package, a director of public health might advise a	
setting to temporarily reintroduce some control	





		measures.				
CV19 infection 6 Those previously considered CEV children	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Individual medical conditions may be at higher risk of infection causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	 All pupils including those previously considered CEV should attend school, with the only exceptions of those who are specifically instructed not to by their clinician or specialist, and should follow the same COVID-19 guidance as the rest of the population We continue to follow the guidance on supporting pupils with medical needs, and have specific risk assessments and pupil profiles in place. Link supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions3 We continue to complete our infection control cleaning regime and hand/respiratory control measures, this also includes identified specific areas and equipment that may require an increased level of cleaning, such as hoists All children aged 12 and over are now eligible for COVID-19 vaccination. Those aged 12 to 17 are eligible for a first dose of the Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine, although 12 to 17 year olds with certain medical conditions that make them more at risk of serious illness, or who are living with someone who is immunosuppressed, are eligible for 2 doses. These children will be contacted by a local NHS service such as their GP surgery to arrange their appointments. All other 12 to 15 year 	L	Take note of message. Reassure students who are CEV. Take steps to support students at school – through individual risk assessments. Tutors of CEV students to support students. Sendco to arrange for communications to relevant tutors School to promote the importance of vaccination through PSHE campaign	SENDCO	Ongoing





CV19 infection 7. Contractors	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor contractor infection control standards causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	Contractors are approved and managed by the school We request their risk assessments as part of our normal contractor health and safety management, and review their cv19 control measures We try and isolate and separate their work away from staff and pupils We manage and monitor all contractors on site Unsafe work including CV19 infection control will be stopped immediately and reviewed with senior management	L Message communicated by reception staff as contractors sign in. Spare masks to be available at reception	SHJ	Ongoing – will be kept under review to be in line with national guidance
CV19 infection 8School workforce	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor cleaning standards	We have completed this covid-19 risk assessment with the consideration of those previously considered at higher risk/CEV following the Operational School Guidance	to be carried out to review control measures. At times of change in guidance Or When individual	П	Oligoling





CV19 infection 9.Pupil wellbeing concerns	attributing to contact transmission causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Lack of pupil support leading to anxiety and stress, ill health	We continue to complete individual risk assessment when needed to further review control measures such as for new and expectant mothers We monitor our pupils through the network of teaching and support staff We raise up concerns in a timely manner We have close links to the parents/carers We follow the wellbeing support link /mental-health-and-wellbeing-support-in-schools circumstances change circumstances change Students to be monit Tutors and other relessant. Referrals made to support staff.	ored by HOY Ongoing vant
CV19 infection 10.School meals, catering	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Use of contractors serving food and interacting in an unsafe manner causing severe infection/disease and death	We continue to provide free school meals We continue to liaise with the kitchen contract company We continue to request the enhanced cleaning of the dining hall and kitchen We request and review the contract catering cv19 risk assessment	ailable
CV19 infection 11. Educational visits	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor off site infection control standards causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	We recommend that you consider whether to go ahead with planned international educational visits at this time, recognising the risk of disruption to education resulting from the need to isolate and test on arrival back into the UK. You should refer to the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office travel advice and the guidance on international travel before booking and	- F





		travelling. You are advised to ensure that any new bookings have adequate financial protection in place. You should speak to either your visit provider, commercial insurance company, or the risk protection arrangement (RPA) to assess the protection available. Independent advice on 18 insurance cover and options can be sought from the British Insurance Brokers' Association (BIBA) or Association of British Insurers (ABI). Any school holding ATOL or ABTA refund credit notes may use these credit notes to rebook educational or international visits. You should undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment. General guidance about educational visits is available and is supported by specialist advice from the Outdoor Education Advisory Panel (OEAP).	SPL	From Dec 2021
CV19 infection 12. Wrap around care after school clubs, breakfast club	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor infection control standards causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	Our standard CV19 control covers this area Cleaning and ventilation of areas continues to be well managed Outbreak management risk assessment will be followed protective-measures-for-holiday-or-after-school-clubs-and-other-out-of-school-settings-for-children-during-the-coronavirus-covid-19-outbreak		





		1	Mater fountains off	C:+o	Ongoine
Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	 Switch the water fountains off and provide water via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water If have water coolers provide disposable cups Ensure the water fountains are maintained in shut down mode following service/maintenance requirements 		Water fountains off Water available in dining areas throughout the day. Students to provide own water bottles Publicise to parents	Manager G4S HOY Tutors	Ongoing until further notice Ongoing until further notice
	Ensure the schools legionella contractor manage monitor and advise the school on any actions required to manage any legionella risks		G4S to manage legionella risk	Site manager	Ongoing
Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors	We continue to communicate with staff, contractors, pupils, hiring, public health, and parents Designated staff are responsible for undating out?	L	Communication strategy in place	SLT	Ongoing
Poor communication causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	 Designated staff are responsible for updating cv19 information Staff emails, website, newsletters continue to be used to update and share relevant information 		Identified member of SLT to update risk assessment Identified member of SLT to Communicate messages	FIM	Ongoing
Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Lack of planning causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	 We are prepared to step up and down when infection rates and outbreak change the risk levels and actions required Link contingency framework also called outbreak management plans We have completed an outbreak plan with risk assessment that covers the need to be ready to reinstate face covers, or reducing mixing, following the guidance and instruction from public health 	M	Identify Low risk Medium risk High risk actions and publicise to staff so that school is able to be proactive. Publish to website Devise outbreak plan - in place	нт	From Sept 2021 From Sept 2021
	Causing severe infection/disease Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor communication causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Lack of planning causing severe infection/disease,	Pupils, visitors Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water If have water coolers provide disposable cups Ensure the water fountains are maintained in shut down mode following service/maintenance requirements Ensure the school slegionella contractor manage monitor and advise the school on any actions required to manage any legionella risks Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Poor communication causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Por under the water fountains are maintained in shut down mode following service/maintenance requirements Ensure the schools legionella contractor manage monitor and advise the school on any actions required to manage any legionella risks Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Designated staff are responsible for updating cv19 information Staff emails, website, newsletters continue to be used to update and share relevant information We are prepared to step up and down when infection rates and outbreak change the risk levels and actions required Link contingency framework also called outbreak management plans We have completed an outbreak plan with risk assessment that covers the need to be ready to reinstate face covers, or reducing mixing, following	Pupils, visitors via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle - Causing severe infection/disease - Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water - If have water coolers provide disposable cups - Ensure the water fountains are maintained in shut down mode following service/maintenance requirements - Ensure the schools legionella contractor manage monitor and advise the school on any actions required to manage any legionella risks - Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors - We continue to communicate with staff, contractors, pupils, hiring, public health, and parents - Designated staff are responsible for updating cv19 information - Staff emails, website, newsletters continue to be used to update and share relevant information - Staff emails, website, newsletters continue to be used to update and share relevant information - We are prepared to step up and down when infection rates and outbreak change the risk levels and actions required Link contingency framework also called outbreak management plans - We have completed an outbreak plan with risk assessment that covers the need to be ready to reinstate face covers, or reducing mixing, following	Pupils, visitors Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Causing severe infection/disease Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Vateravailable in dining areas throughout the day. Students to provide own water bottles Publicise to parents G45 to manage legionella risk Communication strategy in place G45 to manage legionella risk Communication strategy in place Verpulls, visitors Verpulls, visitors, pupils, hiring, public health, and parents Designated staff are responsible for updating cv19 information Verpuls, visitors, used to update and share relevant information Verpuls, visitors, used to update and share relevant information Verpuls, visitors, used to update and share relevant information Verpuls, visitors, used to update and outbreak change the risk levels and actions required Link contingency framework also called outbreak management plans Verpuls, visitors, used to update and outbreak plan with risk assessment that covers the need to be ready to reinstate face covers, or reducing mixing, following	Pupils, visitors Pupils, visitors via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Causing severe infection/disease infection/disease Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water Water available in dining areas throughout the day. Students to provide down water bottless Publicise to parents Students to provide own water bottless Publicise to parents Site manager G4S to manage legionella risk G4S to manage legionella risk Communication strategy in place SLT Communication strategy in place Identified member of SLT to update risk assessment Identified member of SLT to update risk assessment Identified member of SLT to Communicate messages when relevant information SLT FIIM Communicate messages when relevant information Water available in dining areas throughout the day. Students to provide down water bottless or provide dosponated area for pupils for updating to pupils areas throughout the day. Students to provide does not place Step public areas throughout the day. Students to provide does nange results that such assessment information Identified member of SLT to Communicate messages when relevant information Madelium risk High risk actions and publicise to staff so that school is able to be proactive. Publish to website Devise outbreak plan and publicate or staf





CV19 infection 16. No assessment of potential occupational disease/transmission caused by work	Employees, agency, visitors Causing severe infection/disease, sickness, and death	Follow the Public health guidance for reporting confirmed cases Enter details within the accident recording reporting forms such as Evolve or Accident medical tracker or paper based accident form, or LA online accident system, following your employer accident reporting procedures to review potential exposure at work to staff	L	Regular briefings at SLT – communicated via staff briefings or e mail	НТ	Ongoing
CV19 infection 17. Increased chemical risk to pupils and others	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Use of sanitisers and cleaning products being located around the school, classrooms — pupils accidently ingesting the chemical or having a reaction to the substance	 The location of cleaning products to be in a secure area away from pupils Safety data sheets and coshh risk assessments in place Staff trained in the safe use and storage of substances All containers must have their labels installed The coshh risk assessment must take consideration of volume of storage and location, to ensure there is no increased fire risk. This means no storage next to heat or ignition sources 	L	To be monitored through normal meeting cycle	Site Manager G4S Head Teacher	Ongoing
CV19 infection 18.Transport	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Use of school arranged transport	LA Transport work with school transport providers to ensure they apply the principles of infection control to their services. All pupils should sanitise their hands before entering the setting. Settings are therefore required to provide sanitising stations and signage to encourage its use at each entrance. Settings may consider the additional measure of supervising entrances in the morning as appropriate to support this. Further information on	M	Sanitisers to be made available on entrance gates. Gates supervised. Duty rotas monitored Entrances supervised in the morning	JEM	Ongoing



Juniper Health and Safety Service – School SLA Health and Safety - COVID-19 SCHOOL RISK ASSESSMENT. January 2022

		sanitiser points is provided in the hand cleaning and washing section. • Face covering should be worn unless exempt • Schools operating their own minibuses must ensure that: Instructions issued to staff using mini bus to ensure safe practices Bursar Burs	Ongoing
		 Cleaning and disinfection arrangements are implemented, following the Cleaning and Disinfection section. Face coverings by anyone not exempt from doing so, when using school transport. 	
CV19 infection 19.Visitors (including key contractors/agency)	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors	Where possible, schools should plan visits in advance, considering how space can be created as part of the visit for example, by using a different larger space, by separating chairs further, avoiding sitting face to face, by having a walking meeting outside. Information about the visit should be communicated. All visitors should: Meeting spaces to allow for social distancing. Face masks to be worn HT Meeting spaces to allow for social distancing. Face masks to be worn	Ongoing
		Be encouraged to participate in asymptomatic testing programmes where it is age appropriate.	
		> Perform hand hygiene before entering the site	
		 Confirm that they do not have symptoms or are required to isolate 	





		Be provided with any relevant safety instruction on arrival. Hand sanitiser, tissues and bins should also be provided in meeting rooms to encourage good respiratory hygiene and immediate disposal of tissues. You should ensure that key contractors are aware of the setting's control measures and ways of working prior to visiting the site. All visitors should wear face coverings and the school has face coverings displays up on the lead up to reception and in reception areas				
CV19 infection 20. Events	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Having more people coming together in enclosed spaces with the potential spread of CV19 and sickness, illness, death	 Events should be planned on a reduced capacity basis for visitors, enabling respectful space to be given. Ventilation should be reviewed in order to ensure it remains adequate for an increased numbers of users and all other infection control measures must be applied. A contingency plan should be prepared as part of event planning in order to respond to increased positive cases in the community. Plans should consider: providing the event virtually, delay or cancellation. This now includes the review of the new variant and to review, implement the school's outbreak/new variant control measures in reducing the potential spread 	Н	Events involving large numbers of people to be reinstated from 20 th April 2022 Assemblies. Staff socials Parents evenings Prayers Staff briefings With mitigating factors in place	НОА	From April 20 th 2022



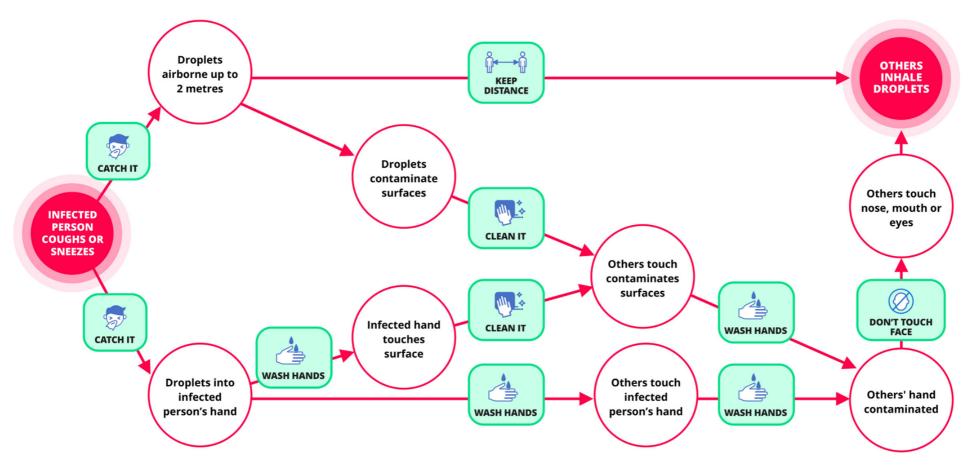


	Overall Residual Risk for Activity (L / M / H):	
Level of Risk	Suggested Action	
LOW	Control measures are adequate but continue to monitor and review; ensure that they remain satisfactory and appropriate	
MEDIUM	Control measures need to be introduced within a specified time period; continue to monitor and review	
HIGH	Unless control measures can be immediately introduced to reduce the risk so far as is reasonably practicable, the task or activity should be suspended	



How COVID is transmitted





Summary of key infection control measures

1. Regular testing - and isolation

Asymptomatic testing will help to identify anyone who does not have symptoms but does have the virus so they can take appropriate action and isolate to prevent passing the virus onto others. Staff and pupils with a positive lateral flow test (LFD) will need to get a PCR test and self-isolate.



Anyone who has symptoms of cv19 should obtain a PCR test and follow the stay at home guidance.

2. Maximising fresh air

Adequate ventilation reduces how much virus is in the air by helping to reduce the risk from aerosol transmission – when someone breathes in small particles/aerosols that can be in the air after a person with the virus has been in the same area. Therefore, everyone should:

- Work in well ventilated rooms/areas making sure the indoor spaces have a good supply of fresh air
- · Work outside if possible

3. Universal hygiene measures

These measures both increase personal protection and also protects others;

- Thoroughly wash hands with soap and water often following the NHS guidance. Use alcohol based hand sanitiser if soap and water not available. In particular wash hands when entering building, after using toilet, before eating or drinking, after sneezing/coughing, after using shared items or equipment, after moving around the premises if having touched surfaces such as hand rails, door panels, and before you leave for the day
- Keeping your hands below shoulder level as much as possible trying to keep them away from touching your face at all times
- Catch it, bin it, kill it covering the mouth and nose with a tissue or sleeve when sneezing and put the tissue in the bin straight away, always washing your hands afterwards
- Minimise touching hand contact surfaces with your hands as far as is reasonable and safe to do so

4. Cleaning the space and things around you

Enhanced cleaning and disinfection arrangements should continue. Where possible staff should support these measures by disinfecting touch points such as their own classrooms and shared equipment, even if cleaning isn't part of their normal role.

5. Respectful space





Whilst school bubbles and social distancing has been removed, any measures that minimise the number, the proximity, and duration of person to person contact reduces the risk of transmission. In addition, it is important to consider that increased mixing will lead to increased cases and therefore staff absence. You should follow the current guidance of not using bubbles, but it is advisable to consider within your risk assessments the following:

- · Staff areas, staff rooms, keeping staff apart where possible
- Meeting outdoors, or in larger well ventilated rooms
- Continue to virtual meetings as this just eliminates the potential of cv19 transmission
- How to create better space in offices, rooms, by moving furniture or rearranging work stations, and creating a large space separation of staff

6. PPE

Having the correct PPE for the correct situation, with staff training in place, this may include close contact/confirmed cv10 symptoms